## Claims

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1. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device comprising:

an n-type nitride semiconductor layer;

- an In-containing super lattice structure layer formed above the n-type nitride semiconductor layer;
- a first electrode contact layer formed above the super lattice structure layer;
- a first cluster layer formed above the first electrode contact layer;
- a first In-containing nitride gallium layer formed above the first cluster layer;
- a second cluster layer formed above the first Incontaining nitride gallium layer;

an active layer formed above the second cluster layer;

- a p-type nitride semiconductor layer formed above the active layer; and
- a second electrode contact layer formed above the p
  type nitride semiconductor layer.
  - 2. The device according to claim 1, wherein the active layer comprises:
  - a first quantum well layer having an  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer/ $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer structure;
  - a second In-containing nitride gallium layer formed above the first quantum well layer; and
  - a second quantum well layer formed above the second Incontaining nitride gallium layer to have an  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer/ $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer structure.
  - 3. The device according to claim 1, further comprising a buffer layer formed down the n-type nitride semiconductor layer, and a substrate formed down the buffer layer.
    - 4. The device according to claim 1, wherein the n-type

nitride semiconductor layer is doped with indium (In).

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5. The device according to claim 3, wherein the buffer layer has one selected from an AlInN structure, an AlInN/GaN layered structure, an InGaN/GaN super lattice structure, an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/GaN$  layered structure, and an  $Al_xIn_yGa_{1-x-y}N/In_zGa_{1-z}N/GaN$  layered structure.

- 6. The device according to claim 1, wherein the first electrode contact layer is a Si-In co-doped nitride gallium layer.
- 7. The device according to claim 1, wherein the first cluster layer and/or the second cluster layer are formed to have a thickness of atomic scale.
  - 8. The device according to claim 1, wherein the cluster layers are formed of  $SiN_a$ .
- 9. The device according to claim 1, wherein the first In-containing nitride gallium layer has a surface shape grown in a spiral mode.
- 10. The device according to claim 1, wherein the first In-containing nitride gallium layer has a surface shape grown and connected up to a surface of the active layer.
  - 11. The device according to claim 1, wherein the active layer has a single quantum well structure or a multi quantum well structure, which is has an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N$  well layer/ $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  barrier layer.
- 12. The device according to claim 11, wherein the InxGa1-xN well layer/InyGa1-yN barrier layer have indium contents of 0<x<0.35 and 0<y<0.1, respectively.

13. The device according to claim 1, wherein the first In-containing nitride gallium layer is expressed as  $In_xGa_{1-x}N$ , and has a value of 1<x<0.1.

- 14. The device according to claim 11, further comprising a  $SiN_a$  cluster layer formed between the  $In_xGa_{1-x}N$  well layer and the  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  barrier layer of the active layer to have a thickness of atomic scale.
- 15. The device according to claim 1, further comprising a SiNa cluster layer formed between the active layer and the p-nitride semiconductor layer to have a thickness of atomic scale.
- 16. The device according to claim 1, wherein the second electrode contact layer is formed to have one selected from an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N$  super lattice structure, an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N$  super grading structure and  $(In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N)$  super lattice)/n-GaN layered structure.

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- 17. The device according to claim 1, wherein  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N$  layers of the second electrode contact layer have a thickness of 2-50 Å, respectively and alternately.
- 25 18. The device according to claim 14, wherein the  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N$  layers of the second electrode contact layer have a total thickness of less than 200Å.
- 19. The device according to claim 1, wherein the second electrode contact layer has a doped silicon.
  - 20. The device according to claim 1, wherein the n-type nitride semiconductor layer and the In-containing super lattice structure formed above the n-type nitride semiconductor layer is repeatedly formed.

21. The device according to claim 1, wherein the Incontaining super lattice structure layer formed of  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N$  is provided at least one.

- 22. The device according to claim 1, wherein the p-type nitride semiconductor layer is formed to have a multi-layered structure in which a doped amount of magnesium is sequentially increased.
- 10 23. The device according to claim 2, wherein the second In-containing nitride gallium layer has a chemical formula of  $In_xGa_{1-x}N$  (0<x<0.1), and has a thickness of 300-2000Å.
- 24. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device 15 comprising:
  - a first electrode contact layer;

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- a first cluster layer formed above the first electrode contact layer;
- a first In-containing nitride gallium layer formed 20 above the first cluster layer;
  - a second cluster layer formed above the first Incontaining nitride gallium layer;
  - an active layer formed above the second cluster layer; and
- a p-type nitride semiconductor layer formed above the active layer.
  - 25. The device according to claim 24, wherein the first and/or second cluster layers are/is formed of  $SiN_a$ .
  - 26. The device according to claim 24, wherein the active layer comprises:
  - a first quantum well layer having an  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer/ $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer structure;
- a second In-containing nitride gallium layer formed above the first quantum well layer; and

a second quantum well layer formed above the second Incontaining nitride gallium layer to have a structure of at least one of  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer/ $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer.

- 5 27. The device according to claim 24, further comprising a second electrode contact layer formed above the p-type nitride semiconductor layer.
- 28. The device according to claim 27, wherein the second electrode contact layer has an In-containing super lattice structure.
- 29. The device according to claim 24, further comprising a Si-doped In-containing super lattice structure formed above the p-type nitride semiconductor layer.
  - 30. The device according to claim 24, wherein the first electrode contact layer comprises:

an In-doped GaN layer;

- an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N$  super lattice structure layer formed above the In-doped GaN layer; and
  - a Si-In co-doped GaN layer formed above the  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_yGa_{1-y}N$  super lattice structure layer.
- 31. The device according to claim 24, wherein the active layer has a single quantum well structure or a multi quantum well structure, which has  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer/ $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer.
- 30 32. The device according to claim 24, wherein the active layer is comprised of the  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer and the  $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer, and a  $SiN_a$  cluster layer interposed therebetween.
- 35 33. The device according to claim 24, further comprising a  $SiN_a$  cluster layer formed between the active

layer and the p-nitride semiconductor layer.

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34. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device comprising:

an n-type first electrode contact layer;

- a first  $SiN_a$  cluster layer formed above the first electrode contact layer;
- a first In-containing nitride gallium layer formed above the first SiNa cluster layer;
- a second SiNa cluster layer formed above the first Incontaining nitride gallium layer;
  - an active layer formed above the second  $SiN_a$  cluster layer, for emitting light;
  - a p-type nitride gallium layer formed above the active layer; and
- an n-type second electrode contact layer formed above the p-type nitride gallium layer.
  - 35. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device comprising:
- an n-type first electrode contact layer;
  - a strain control layer formed over the first electrode contact layer;
  - an active layer formed over the strain control layer, for emitting light, to have an  $In_yGa_{1-y}N$  well layer, a  $SiN_a$  cluster layer having a thickness of atomic scale, and an  $In_zGa_{1-z}N$  barrier layer;
  - a p-type nitride gallium layer formed above the active layer; and
- an n-type second electrode contact layer formed above the p-type nitride gallium layer.
  - 36. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device comprising:
    - an n-type first electrode contact layer;
- a strain control layer formed over the first electrode contact layer;

an active layer formed above the strain control layer; a SiNa cluster layer formed above the active layer;

a p-type nitride semiconductor layer formed above the SiNa cluster layer; and

an n-type second electrode contact layer formed above the p-type nitride semiconductor layer.

37. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device comprising:

an n-type first electrode contact layer;

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a strain control layer formed above the first electrode contact layer;

an active layer formed above the strain control layer to have a first quantum well layer, a second quantum well layer, and an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N$  layer interposed between the first quantum well layer and the second quantum well layer;

a p-type nitride semiconductor layer formed above the active layer; and

an n-type second electrode contact layer formed above the p-type nitride semiconductor layer.

38. A nitride semiconductor light emitting device comprising:

an n-type first electrode contact layer;

an active layer formed above the first electrode contact layer, for emitting light;

a p-type nitride semiconductor layer formed above the active layer; and

an n-type second electrode contact layer formed above the p-type nitride semiconductor layer to have an  $In_xGa_{1-x}N/In_vGa_{1-v}N$  super lattice structure.